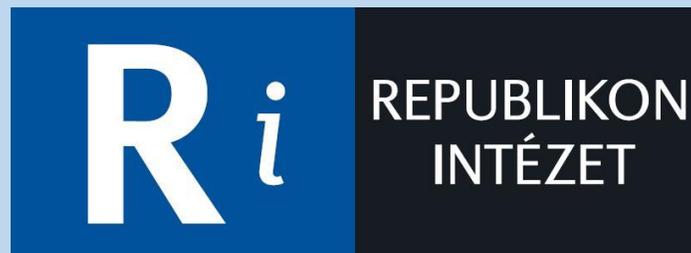


PARTY AFFILIATION MARCH 2021

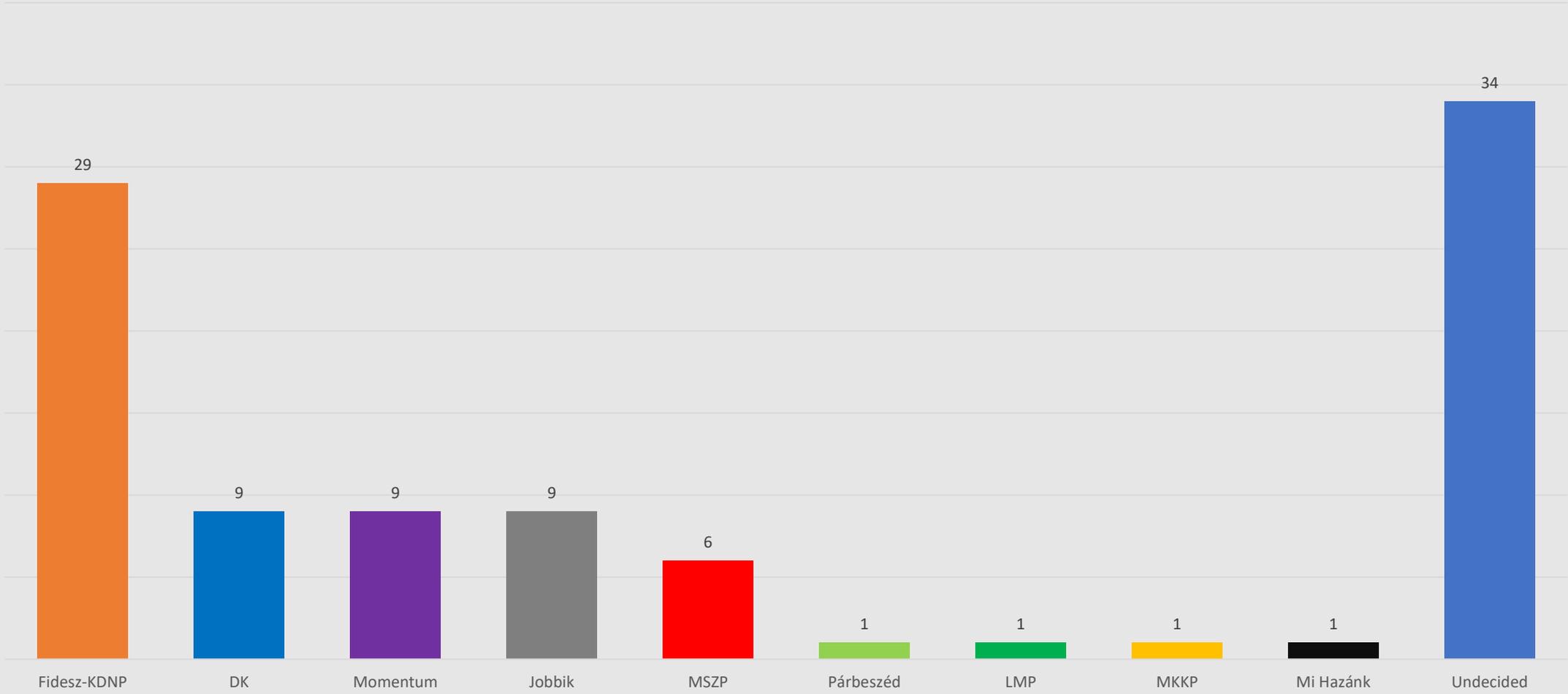


About the survey

- Survey data:
 - Telephone survey with 1000 respondents
 - Representative of population aged 18+ (by age, gender, geography and level of education)
 - Margin of error: +/- 3,2%
- The survey was conducted between 18th and 25th

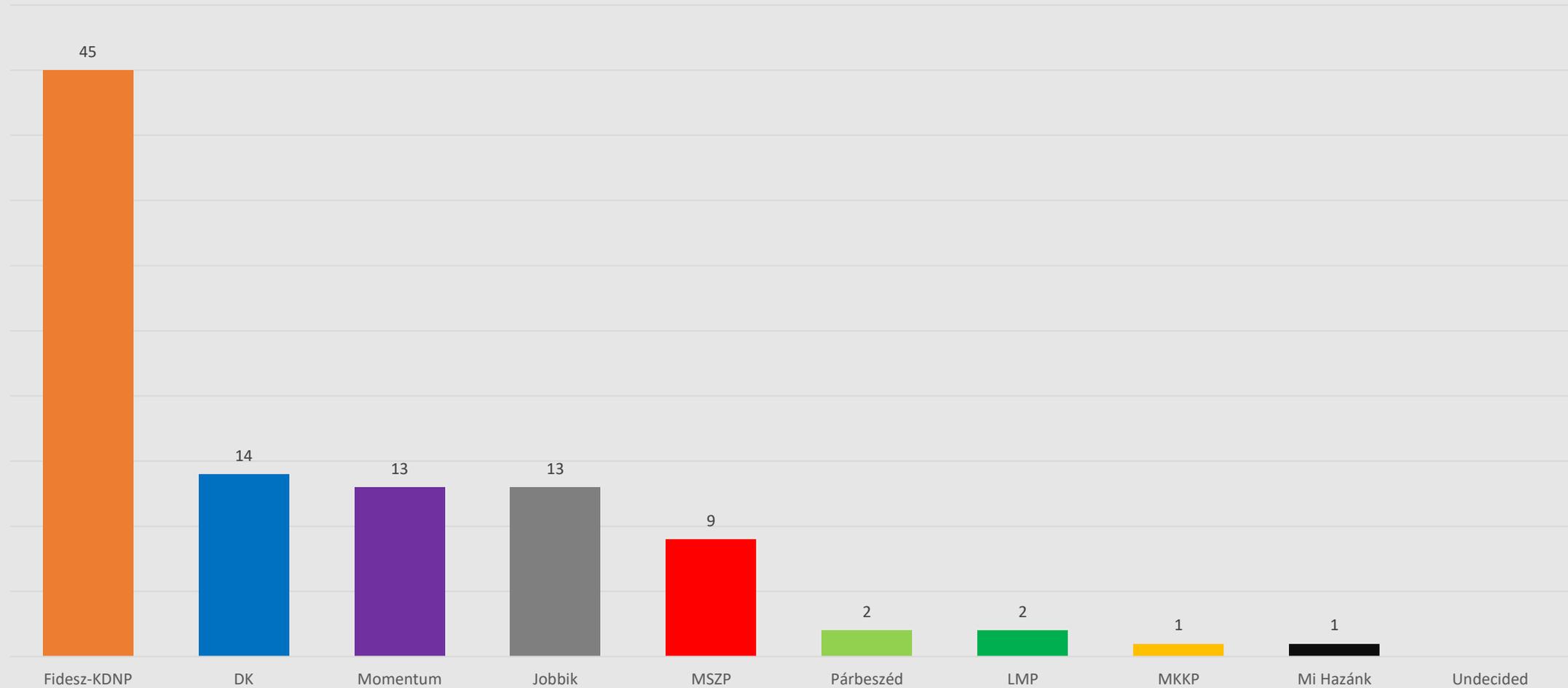
Total population

Party preference- total population(%)



Party voters

Party preference- party voters (%)



- Fidesz-KDNP support fell by 1 percentage point in March, both among the total population and among party voters, to 29 per cent among the total population and to 45 per cent among party voters. DK, Jobbik and Momentum now stand head-to-head at 9 per cent of the total population after DK lost and Jobbik won 1 percentage point; support for Momentum has not changed. They are followed by the MSZP with 6 percent; Párbeszéd, MKKP, LMP and Mi Hazánk all account for 1-1 percent of the total population.
- Fidesz and DK also lost 1 percentage point of their support among party voters, standing at 45 and 14 percent in March. Jobbik has strengthened by a further 2 percentage points among party voters, currently standing at 13 per cent, along with Momentum, whose support remains unchanged. The MSZP also strengthened among party voters, now 9 percent would vote for them. At the same time, support for Párbeszéd and LMP remained unchanged at 2 percent, and MKKP fell from 2 percent to 1 percent. Mi Hazánk is still at 1 percent.
- Overall, support for opposition parties has changed only slightly; only Jobbik was able to grow significantly in March, as we have already observed in February. The reason for this success may be the strong political role of Péter Jakab.
- The Fidesz has weakened among both the total population and the party's voters, though only slightly - this is not entirely surprising when you consider worries about the vaccination/pandemic situation.

- Opposition coalition remains stronger than Fidesz-KDNP among the general population (35-29 per cent) and among party voters (53-45 per cent).
- **Methodology:** The research was conducted by telephone interviewing 1,000 people between March 18-25. The research is representative of the adult population of the country by gender, age, education and type of settlement.